	Monksmoor Park CE Primary EYFS Reception Curriculum and Progression 2023-2024
	<b>Early Years Foundation Stage Aims:</b> The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) sets the standards that all early years providers must meet to ensure that children learn and develop well and are kept healthy and safe. It promotes teaching and learning to ensure children's 'school readiness' and gives children the broad range of knowledge and skills that provide the right foundation for good future progress through school and life.
	<ul> <li>The EYFS seeks to provide:</li> <li>Quality and consistency in all early years settings, so that every child makes good progress and no child gets left behind</li> <li>A secure foundation through planning for the learning and development of each individual child, assessing and reviewing what they have learnt regularly</li> <li>Partnership working between practitioners and with parents and/or carers</li> </ul>
Aonksmoor of Art	<ul> <li>Equality of opportunity and anti-discriminatory practice, ensuring every child in included and supported</li> <li>Curriculum is produced in accordance with programmes of study, schemes of work and high expectations within school.</li> <li>Building Relationships The relationships which children build in the EYFS are vital and have an impact on children's learning and developing. This is why here at Monksmoor CE Primary School building strong and positive relationships with our children vital, the first thing we accomplish when they start school. We use a range of holistic approaches, incorporating nursery visits, home visits and stay and play sessions, meet and greets, multi- agency meeting etc., all tailored to need. We want our children to feel secure and confident in their school as well as cared for and heard. This is</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>why every member of our EYFS team is genuinely passionate about the happiness and development of children, supporting our ethos and intention of nurturing all to flourish and aspire. This is complemented by high quality transition at the end of year including bespoke arrangements for those with additional need.</li> <li>Characteristics of Effective Learning</li> <li>Playing and exploring: Children thrive as confident learners where they investigate and 'have a go' with new activities. They can apply their previous knowledge and to create links in their memory to new learning and development.</li> </ul>
Please note our themes may be adapted at any point in the year to allow for children's interests in EYFS to lead learning. See also Monksmoor continuous provision planning	<ul> <li>Active Learning: We facilitate children keeping on trying, building resilience if they have a difficulty and not give up! Through self -regulation support, pursuing their own learning, and taking pride in their achievements we create a lifelong love of learning.</li> <li>Creating and Thinking Critically: Encouraging children to have their own ideas and build upon these making links in their learning is crucial. We encourage them to question the world around them and use prior knowledge to draw and form conclusions.</li> </ul>

Parental Involvement	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Parent/carer workshops OPAL play Baseline/ transition discussions, Browsing books Take home Hedgehog bag, harvest celebrations, Macmillan morning, Nativity play Christmas jumper, dinner and activity days, Christmas fayre Panto Parents evening Library sharing books	Pancake racing Parent's evening Nursery rhyme week Browsing books, share a story Take home Hedgehog bag World book day story sharing British science week PTA disco Easter celebration Easter garden Library sharing books Parent/carer workshops	May day celebration Sports day sessions 'Share a story' Tea party celebration Library sharing books Browsing books Take home, Hedgehog bag Summer fayre Summer social Transition arrangements
Cultural capital and enrichment	Black History Month Macmillan family Friendship behaviours (values) Holy Cross Harvest Celebration Black history month Anti-bullying week Children in Need Road safety, Art week Remembrance / memorabilia Diwali Nursery rhyme week Hanukkah Christmas / Joy Nativity Theatre Wreath/ candle decorating workshop	New year Chinese New Year Pancake day World book day Safer internet day British Science week PTA disco World book day sharing Mother's day Easter garden Library sharing books Browsing books Take home bags Castle day	Value/ behaviours May day traditions Minibeast hunt Summer social Animal experience Tea party Coventry Cathedral visit Summer fayre
Global learning themes and awareness	Daily bread – explore Afghanistan bakery and Harvest using Lyfta- food sustainability /culture and community Desert areas comparison– life in deserts (Nativity) – Lyfta – climate	Contrasting locality –Polar regions/ Country park water/ climate change Awra ambra Lyfta – weaving and Community sustainability Beachcomber recycling / caring for our planet and impact	Links Biodiversity sustainability tradition and community Lyfta 'Grubs' Matsigenka community Amazonian Peru-minibeasts and natural food High water Guatemala – flooding and climate change

Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early Learning Goal
Listening,	To understand how to listen	To ask questions	To understand questions such as	Listen attentively and
Attention and	carefully	to find out more	who, what, where, when, why and	respond to what they hear
Understanding	To sit and listen for a story in group	To listen to peers in a	how to extend knowledge	with relevant questions,
•	and beginning to whole class	conversation	To ask adults or peers to check	comments and actions
	To understand why listening is important	To begin to understand humour To listen in assembly whole	they have understood	when being read to and during whole class
	To be able to follow directions	school	To have conversations with adults	discussions and small
	To engage in nursery rhyme and	To understand a range of complex		group interactions.
	story times, joining in with repeated	sentence	and peers with back and forth exchanges	
	phrases and actions	structures		Make comments about
	To begin to understand how and	To listen intently to a story whole	To retell a story with clear	what they have heard and
	why questions	class and comment when familiar	sequencing, confidence and story	ask questions to clarify
	To respond to instructions with	To retell a story using story talk	voice	their understanding.
	more than one step	now using own voice	To act as role models to Nursery	
	To listen in Early Years Assembly	To follow a story without pictures	in Assembly	Hold conversations when
		or props		engaged in back-and-forth
				exchanges with their
				teacher and peers.
Speaking	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
	To talk in front of	To develop the confidence to talk	To link statements and stick to a	Participate in small group,
	a small group	to other adults they see on a daily	main theme to explain	class and one-to-one
		basis	·	discussions, offering their
me <mark>ntinitation and the second se</mark>	To talk to class teacher and	To share their work to the class-	To talk to different adults around	own ideas, using recently
Also-	Adults in setting	standing up at the front	the school with confidence	introduced vocabulary.
		0 1		
Word Aware	To learn new vocabulary e.g. with	To talk in sentences using	To answer questions in front of	Offer explanations for why
programme	Concept cat and from story	conjunctions e.g. and, because	whole class/ begin to use STEM	things might happen,
Start Special Access			sentences	making use of recently
	To use and recall new vocabulary	To use new vocabulary in		introduced vocabulary fron
	throughout the learning day	different contexts	To talk in sentences and use a	stories, non-fiction, rhymes
			range of tenses to communicate	and poems when
Teaching	To use talk in play to extend ideas	To draw on non-fiction books/texts	effectively	appropriate.
vocabulary in the	with others e.g. role play / retelling	when talking	To use talk to organise ideas	
early years	<u> </u>		thinking and feelings with teacher	Express their ideas and
R Captor Anna to avec branges	To use an indoor voice in	Show increased confidence	support.	feelings about their
- specond for a Vintee	classroom	talking to visitors	To use and recall vocabulary from	experiences using full
Early			reading and story with confidence	sentences including use of
		To use talk to take on a role /story		past, present and future
Language		voice for retelling		tenses and making use of
		voice for recoining		conjunctions, with

	modelling and support from their teacher.
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Monksmoor C E Primary Progression of Personal, Social and Emotional Development					
Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early Learning Goal	

Self-Regulation	To recognise different	To focus during longer whole	To control their emotions using a	Show an
	emotions sometimes with support	class lessons	range of	understanding of their
			techniques and strategies	own feelings and
Including	To understand how people show	To follow twostep instructions		those of others, and
The 2008 of Figure 1" Providence 1" The Zone of Hydrau Haw	emotions using story and	·	To independently use own chosen	begin to regulate their
The <b>ZONES</b> of Regulation*	experience	To identify and moderate their own	strategies to self -regulate	behaviour
		feelings socially and	<b>č</b>	accordingly.
	To focus during short whole class	emotionally	To set a target and reflect on	
BLUE ZONE GREEN ZONE YELLOW ZONE RED ZONE Sai Huppy Frained Malifyay	activities		progress	Set and work towards
Sei Happy Frazinad MaLiNgyy Sick Calm Worked IntelNation Tind Freiging Clary Sylvidiggy Entition Bond Frozei Extent Deatated Menny Stady Related Land Sone Cambi		To consider the feelings and		simple goals, being
Moving Stavly Relaxed Law of Some Cantral Out of Connex	To follow one step instructions	needs of others	To maintain focus during	able to wait for what
	·		extended whole class teaching /	they want and control
	To recall Value for Term	To recognise when not in green	Assembly and respond	their immediate
		Zone and recognise and discuss	appropriately	impulses when
	To talk about how they are	strategies to regulate e.g. figure of		appropriate.
	feeling to an adult	8, lazy breathing, colouring	To follow instructions of	
			three steps or more	Give focussed
	To use vocabulary to describe	To discuss value for term and how	·	attention to what the
Emotion coaching	feeling – red blue yellow and	can be shown	Show awareness of values in others	teacher says,
-	green for learning (Zones of		and themselves	responding
	regulation)	To keep going when facing		appropriately even
	Understanding of colours which	challenge and persevere	To actively seek challenge and	when engaged in
	match to the feelings	<b>0</b>	enjoy this	activity, and show an
	To begin to consider the	To wait with patience and turn take	, ,	ability to follow
	feelings of others	effectively	To demonstrate confidence	instructions involving
	- C	, ,	participating in routines and	several ideas or
	To adapt behaviour to a range of	Express understanding of colours	procedures	actions.
	situations	which match to the feelings.		
		Understand how we might be feeling	To support others/ aid in choices	
	To share resources with others and	and where we would place	where they need help	
	begin to wait e.g. learning lining up /	ourselves	Solving conflicts through talk Self-	
	routines		confidence Transition Maintaining	
			Friendships	

	Emotions Communication to help resolve issues – links Zones of regulation , emotion coaching	Beginning to resolve conflicts with no or little intervention. Self – confidence, resilience and patience using skills taught last term	Using the colours to represent and talk about how they feel	
		Beginning to use the colours to show how they are feeling		
Managing Self I can	To locate and hang items on peg To manage own resource e.g. book bag/ forest kit/ bottle etc.	To begin to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge	To understand the importance of healthy food choices, identify and name healthy foods	Be confident to try new activities and show independence,
remember to	To wash hands independently	To need minimal support to do up a zip/ buttons on coat	To manage own basic needs independently and effectively	resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
	To put coat and socks/ shoes on independently	To practise doing up buckle/ shoes on and off / outer	To put P.E kit on independently / quickly change for forest school anticipating what comes next	
share and take	To get changed for P.E with support	clothing suits and wellies swiftly		Explain the reasons for rules,
turns	To explore different areas within the	To develop independence when dressing and undressing	To change quickly and put away all items e.g. forest school /wellies	know right from wrong and try to
- <b>2</b>	Year R environment	for activities such as P.E and Forest school	To show resilience and	behave accordingly.
<b>JUCODT</b>	To develop class rules and understand the need to have	Manage own hygiene needs	perseverance in the face of challenge	Manage their own
( CHIODTI	rules	without adult prompt showing independence e.g. hand washing	To show a 'can	basic hygiene and personal needs,
#ollika) N	To have confidence to try new	and using toilet	do' attitude and demonstrate	including dressing,
	activities	Follow class rules and follow	behaviour expectations for year group	going to the toilet and understanding
	To ask for support if needed for hygiene needs and use the toilet	expectations in setting/ across school	To talk about and understand	the importance of healthy food
		To independently access resources	importance of dental care and hygiene routine	choices.
	Begin to follow rules and follow expectations in setting	as needed	To support and act as role model for Nursery children inside/ outside	
	Self-confidence Speaking in a group Relationships Resolving		·	
	issues with some support What is a good friend?		To put uniform on and do up zippers, buttons and buckles without support	

	To show individual responsibility for own possessions and shared resources	
	To demonstrate caring for others and awareness of values.	

Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early learning Goal
Building	To seek adult when needed to	To begin to work as a group with	To work as a group effectively	Work and play
Relationships	support	support		cooperatively and take
			To begin to develop relationships	turns with others.
	To gain confidence to speak to	To use taught strategies to support	with other adults around the school	
	peers and adults	turn taking	To have	Form positive
	To happily speak 1 to 1 to an adult		confidence to communicate with	attachments to adults
C DYC S	e.g. discussing text when reading	To follow routines and adapt to new	adults around the	and friendships with
		experience with others	school	peers.
	To play with children who are	To separate from adult confidently	To have strong friendships	
Me and my	playing with the same activity			Show sensitivity to their
community		To listen to the ideas of other children	To speak in whole class on carpet /	own and to others
	To begin to develop positive peer	and agree solution /compromise	Assembly	needs.
New beginnings	friendships	sometimes with guidance and	To model safe practices as	1100000.
and friendships	To begin to learn routines with	modelling	pedestrian and around site	
Class rules and	support e.g. lining up / lunch	5	To show respect to others during	
routines	To have positive relationships with	To express feelings to others	school day	
Relationships	all Year R staff		,	
Aspirations and				
Self-confidence				
Relationships				

## Monksmoor Park CE Primary School Progression of Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives7. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, coordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early Learning Goal
Gross Motor Skills	To move safely in a space	To roll , control and track a ball round body	To use counting to help to stay in time with the music when copying and creating actions, moving in time	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with
	To find own space	To develop accuracy when throwing to a target	To move safely with confidence and	consideration for themselves and others.
	To stop safely To develop control when using	To throw and catch with a Partner	imagination, communicating ideas through movement	Demonstrate strength, balance
	equipment	To skip in time learning a Maypole	To explore movement using a prop with control and coordination e.g.	and coordination when playing.
	To begin to learn rhythmic exercise movements- crawling rolling and	dance copying beat, shapes, balances and travelling actions		Move energetically, such as running,
	rocking To work cooperatively with a	To balance and safely use apparatus	To move with strength, control and coordination, expressing ideas	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and
	partner	To explore traveling around, over and through apparatus	To show confidence in range of rhythmic movements (E Collar	climbing.
	To balance using body movements -one leg, hop, land on 2 feet	To create short sequences linking actions together and including	programme for physical literacy) To jump and land safely from a	
	To begin to track a ball To explore movement using a prop	apparatus	height	
	e.g. scarves	Develop confidence and posture in physical literacy positons – stone lions		
	Begin to show physical literacy moves – gorilla meercat etc.	penguins	Confidently use physical literacy positions for posture and demonstrate flow between all	

Fine Motor	To use a			Hold a pencil
1	dominant hand	To use a tripod grip when using	To hold scissors correctly and cut	effectively in
and the second day of a		mark making tools	out small shapes	preparations for fluent
	To mark make using different			writing- using the
		To hold oping an approach, and out	To point using this pay pointh webse	tripod grip in almost all
	shapes e.g. stencils, circles	To hold scissors correctly and cut	To paint using thinner paintbrushes	
		along a curved line		cases.
	To begin to use a tripod grip when		To hold scissors correctly and cut	
	using mark making tools	To thread small	various materials	Use a range of small
	<b>3 1 1 3</b>	beads / small pegs on a board		tools including
	To use tweeter to transfer chiests	beads / sinai pegs on a board	To create drawings with details	scissors, paintbrushes
	To use tweezer to transfer objects	- ·	To create drawings with details	and cutlery.
	and manipulate, fingers for peg	To use a hammer, saw		and cuttory.
	boards	and screwdriver (supervision)	To independently use a knife, fork and	
			spoon to eat a range of meals	
	To thread large beads	To write taught letters using		Begin to show
	To copy a cross / Imitate a square	correct formation	To write letters using the correct letter	accuracy and care
		conectionnation	formation and control the relative	when drawing.
	To use large pegs			Ū.
		To use a hammer and saw	size of letters	
	To begin to copy letters – letter			
	strings, environmental print	To write taught letters using	To write capital letters, numbers	
		correct formation starting at top -	confidently demonstrating pencil hold	
	To write name (using name card	kinetic letters	(kinetic letters)	
	independently if needed)			
	To hold scissors correctly, cut	Ta unita auna nana indonen denthu	To the confidence of the control of	
		To write own name independently	To show confidence using a range of	
	straight / zigzag line/ make snips in	with confidence	tools and equipment switching easily	
	paper	To hold scissors correctly and cut	e.g. varied drawing pencils	
		out large shapes		
	To begin to use anticlockwise	-	Demonstrate independence when	
	movement to retrace vertical lines	To begin to hold a knife correctly and	hand writing and number letter	
		use to cut food with support	formation/ recall	
	To accurately draw lines, circles			
	and shapes to draw pictures	Effectively use tap and		
		pin		
	Follow movements for brave/			
	scared monkey to begin to form			
	letters			
	To hold a fork and spoon correctly			
	TO HOLE A TOLK AND SPOOL COLLECTLY			

	Monksmoor Park CE Primary School Progression of Literacy				
Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early Learning Goal	
Comprehension	To use pictures /props / puppets to re-tell stories / imitate	To act out stories with others using talk for writing technique	To begin to answer questions about what they have read	Demonstrate understanding of	
QUESTIONS	To sequence familiar stories using picture prompts and begin to use story language	To begin to predict what may happen in the story	To use vocabulary that is influenced by their experiences of books and recall	what has been read to them by retelling stories, and	
dutterstock.com-1422313424	To independently look at books, holding them the correct way and turning pages	To suggest how a story might end	To answer questions about what they have read / recall key events	narratives using their own words and recently introduced	
Skill	To engage in story times, joining in with repeated phrases /actions drawing on talk for writing technique	To retell and sequence a story independently	To know that information can be retrieved from books / sources	vocabulary. Anticipate (where	
	To begin to answer questions about the stories read to them 1 to 1 / group	To follow a story without pictures or props	Demonstrate use of vocabulary from story / text experiences when	appropriate) key events in stories.	
	To enjoy increasing range of books - fiction, non-fiction, poems and rhymes	To talk about the characters/ setting in the books they are reading and stories	in setting – role play/ story telling / collaboration with others	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during	
		To create own stories and innovate	Compare texts/ stories with peers and likes/ views	discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems	
		Understand 'why' questions	Demonstrate increasing awareness of authors and texts in discussion in group/ whole class	and during role play.	

	Autumn	Autumn 2	Spring	Spring 2	Summer	Summer 2	Early Learning Goal
Word Reading	To recognise their name To recognise taught sounds – single letter set 1 sounds To begin to blend sounds together to read words using the taught sounds- see RWInc expectations of progress through year as minimum		Blend sounds to read words, read short ditty stories Words e.g. in am red bin yes To begin reading captions/ sentence using taught sounds	Read red story books Digraphs ch ng nk qu th sh incl. double letter sounds e.g. Il ss tt etc. Chip shop jump that 3 sound alien words e.g. fas gip To read books matching their phonics ability decoding all set 1 sounds speedily Review word time 1.1-1.5 Teach 1.6-1.7	incl. double letter digraphs	Read green or purple story books confidently, demonstrate speedy sound automaticity in recall to aid fluency Use Fred in head to demonstrate non overt blending –with off thin will this then that have Show fluency in reading simple sentences/ phonic texts including known tricky red words To read books matching their phonics ability Read all word time words/ speedy review	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.( incl. double sounds) Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

Writing	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early learning goals
Writing	Autumn To give meanings to the marks they make To copy taught letters using kinetic letters beginning to use the correct letter formation To copy and write their name (if using sound card do so independently) To write initial sounds medial and end ( and hear when writing)in cvc words using taught sounds with dictation To add labels using taught sounds ( dictation support) To begin to write captions To create story maps to use to retell	Spring To write captions /sentences using fingers spaces To form lowercase letters correctly To understand that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop To spell words using taught sounds To spell some taught tricky words correctly To form lowercase letters correctly and begin to form capital letters To write sentences using finger spaces and full stops To spell words using taught sounds To spell words using taught sounds To spell some taught tricky words correctly	Summer To form lowercase and capital letters correctly using kinetic letters taught To write longer words / compound words which are spelt phonetically To begin to use capital letters at the start of a sentence To use finger spaces and full stops when writing a sentence To spell some taught tricky words correctly To read their work back check it for others to read To show awareness of story language when writing using talk for writing techniques and resources. To record ideas independently , e.g. in role play , investigation/ areas of learning	Early learning goals Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others

## Monksmoor Park CE Primary School Progression of Mathematics

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes .Sits alongside Numbersense / Powermaths / WhiteRose as sources. Impact maths training - pedagogy

Skill	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Early Learning Goal	
Number	To recognise numbers 1-5 NUMBERSENSE To begin to subitise - 1 and 2 , 1 to 3 ,1 to 4, 1 to 5 Subitise to 5 To find one more of numbers to 5 To explore the composition of 2 and 3 partitioning 2 , 3, 4 recognise doubles – bunny ear doubles 1 2 3 To find one less of numbers to 5 To explore the composition of 4 and 5	To find one less of numbers to 8 To recognise numbers 0-10 To explore the composition of 9 and 10 To practise number bonds to	To recognise         numbers to NUMBERSENSE / White         rose / Powermaths         To revise number bonds to         5         To explore how to make numbers         above         To solve simple number         problems         To recap the composition of each         number to 10         Part whole model misconceptions         White rose         Power maths obs. sheets         To know addition and subtraction         facts to 10         to rapidly recall doubles	Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including doubling facts	

Numerical	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER	
Patterns				
Doubles	To say which group has more	To count to 15,	To count to 30 and beginning to count	Verbally count beyond
2+2=4		To count objects	higher (100).	20, recognising the
	To say which	to 10		pattern of the counting
	group has less		To know that 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 are odd	system. Compare
		To compare		quantities up to 10 in
	To compare	quantities to 8 - using stem sentence	To know that 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 are even	different contexts,
	quantities to 3	- I think that because and more/		recognising when one
		fewer	To double numbers up to 10	quantity is greater
	To count to 5	To be sin to us denote a different		than, less than or the same as the other
		To begin to understand the different	To find half of numbers up to 10 To count back from 10	quantity. Explore and
		between odd and even numbers up to 8	TO COUNT DACK FROM TO	represent patterns
		0	To combine two groups of objects	within numbers up to
		To combine two groups of objects	To combine two groups of objects	10, including evens
	_		To order numbers to 20, order	and odds, double facts
	To compare	To count to 20	numbers e.g. 13, 15, 19	and how quantities can
	quantities to 5			be distributed equally.
	<b>T</b>	To add numbers	To subtract numbers	
	To compare equal and			
	unequal groups	To compare quantities to 10, order to	To find the missing number in	
	To count to 10	10	problems	
		To explore odd and even numbers	To share quantities equally	
	<b>—</b>		To combine groups of 2s, 5s and 10s	
Shape, Space and	To match objects	To order objects by height and length	To measure capacity and order	There are no early
Measure	<b>-</b>		using language	learning goals that
	To sort objects	To begin to recognise o clock e.g.	To odd monoy	directly relate to
	<b>T</b>	9 o'clock and 10 o'clock	To add money	shape, space and measure objectives.
	To recognise and name square and		To recommise the time to closely	However, children will
	rectangle properties		To recognise the time to o'clock	have
				nave

To compare capacity, length, height, size.	To order the days of the week	To describe the properties of 3D	To finish a repeating pattern	experienced rich opportunities to
To finish a repeating pattern of 2	To measure height using cubes	shapes	To make patterns	develop their spatial reasoning skills in
objects or colours	To measure time	To make pictures with shape	using shapes	shape, space and measure
To recognise and name circle and triangle	To recognise 6 o'clock, 7 o'clock and 8 o'clock	arrangements	To name and describe 2D and 3D shapes	
To recognise 1p and 2p	To begin to name 3D shapes			
To recognise 1 o'clock, 2 o'clock and 3 o'clock	To explore the properties of 3D shapes To recognise 10p			
To recognise 5p				
	To begin to name 3D shapes			
	To explore the properties of 3D shapes			

## Monksmoor Park CE Primary School Progression of Understanding the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension

Skill	Autumn	Spring 1	Summer 1	Early Learning Goal
Past and	To know about my own life-story	To talk about the lives of the people	To know about the past through	Talk about the lives of
		around us. (Everyday life)	settings, characters and events	the people around
Past and	To know how I have changed		encountered in books read in class	them and their roles in
Present	(Everyday life)	To know that the emergency services	and storytelling - retelling prior	society.
		exist and what they do.	stories e.g. 'Princess and the Pea' to	
	To know about figures from the		show deepened learning	Know some similarities and differences
Present	past	To know some similarities and	<b>T</b> - 1	between things in the
		differences between things in the	To know some similarities and	past and now, drawing
	To know some similarities and	past and now, drawing on	differences between things in the	on their experience
	differences between things in the	experiences and what has been	past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read	and what has been
	past and now, drawing on	read in class	in class (Seaside) and recap stories	read in class.
Links History	experiences and what has been read	(Castles)	e.g. – Cinderella	
	in class	To know about the past through		Understand the past
	(Christmas) / harvest	settings, characters and events	To make observations and ask	through settings,
		encountered in books read in class	questions about items from the past	characters and events
Humankind		and storytelling e.g. Kings and Queens as Monarchy in the past	- Coronation ware display	encountered in books
пипанкни	To talk about own significant events		Artefacts and resources	read in class and
	- birthdays/ family celebrations	(Hierarchy and Power)		storytelling.
	Significant events		To begin to understand significant	
	Significant events	Who is our king / where does he live	events important to people -	
<b>Hierarchy and</b>		and what does he do?	Coronation	
Power	To know about family structures and		Significant events	
	talk about who is part of their family	To use stories books and pictures to		
	To identify similarities and differences	find out about the past	Create own historical role play e.g.	
	between themselves and peers.	Stories – JS Goodall Castles	Coronation / tea party / banquet	
Crootivity	between themselves and peers.	Princess and the pea,		
Creativity Communication	To know the name of the town the	Role play experience Castle day	Creativity	
communication	school is in.		To know that people in other	
		Creativity	countries may speak different	
	To know about features of the	Make observations about objects	languages	
	immediate environment.	from the past – clothes		

(Location)         To know that there are many countries around the world.         To talk about how Hindus celebrate Diwali         To talk about the Christmas Story and how it is celebrated         To know that people around the world have different religions         To recognise Autumn / signs of Autumn Climate and weather	Communication To talk about Chinese New Year. To know about people who help us within the local community- visit PCSO Kirsten, Fire service, Refuse collector To know some similarities between the Natural World around them drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class – country park/ Monksmoor estate To describe a contrasting environment to their own – Antarctica (Settlements and Land Use) To recognise Spring / signs of Autumn and winter and compare and record change Climate and weather Begin to describe how different weather can affect the environment e.g. ice Physical processes To know that Christians celebrate Easter. UC Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden? (RE)	To know that simple symbols are used to identify features on a map and use photos to recognise/ show key environment features Mapping our school environment <b>Geographical investigation</b> To recognise the 4 seasons Spring Summer Autumn and winter and compare by talking using knowledge <b>Climate and</b> weather To collect and use simple geographical data from fieldwork - outside area weather station <b>Data analysis/ fieldwork</b>	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, nonfiction, texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in other countries drawing on knowledge from stories, non- fiction texts and (where appropriate) maps.
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The Natural	To only quantions about the natural	To know about and recognize the	To obcome the growth of coords and	Explore the natural
The Natural	To ask questions about the natural	To know about and recognise the	To observe the growth of seeds and	
	environment.	signs of Winter	talk about changes	world around them,
Street.				making observations
Charles and the	To respect and care for the natural	To know some important processes	To know how to care for growing	and drawing pictures of
G. Tak	environments	and changes in the natural world	plants	animals and plants.
	To know about and recognise	including states of matter (freezing)		
	the signs of Autumn / (Winter)	To know about and recognise the	To learn about lifecycles of plants and	Know some similarities
184A		signs of Spring	animals	and differences
	To know about features of the world			between the natural
World	and Earth		To know about and recognise	world around them and
		To know about features of my own	the signs of	contrasting
	To know that some animals are	immediate environment and how they	Summer	environments, drawing
	nocturnal	might vary from another.		on their experiences
		5,	To know that some things in the world	and what has been
		To plant seeds and make	are man-made and some things are	read in class.
		observations and predictions	natural	
See also forest				Understand some
0		To know the different between	To harvest grown fruit and	important processes
		herbivores and carnivores	vegetables prepare and eat them	and changes in the
				natural world around
school			To know about	them including the
SCHOOL		Mini beast hunt	different habitats and talk about them	season and changing
		WIIII Deast Hunt		states of matter.
			To know some important processes	
		To know and recognise signs of	and changes in the natural world	
		spring	including states of matter	
			(melting, floating and sinking)	
		Name and describe a polar habitat i.e.		
PLAN Science		Antarctica and animals that live there		
objectives and		– penguin	Animal e expert to visit	
progression			Creating a class worm farm	
			Raising caterpillars into butterflies	
			Fiction and nonfiction texts	

opportunities to children see, he	ent of children's ar engage with the a ear and participate	rts, enabling them in is crucial for dev	wareness suppor to explore and pla veloping their und experiences are fu	ts their imaginatio ay with a wide rang erstanding, self-e	n and creativity. It ge of media and m (pression, vocabul	is important that c aterials. The qualit ary and ability to c	There are no early learning goals that directly relate to computing objectives, though it is still expected that children will be introduced to appropriate technology and use it within their provision.
Skill	Auti	umn	Spr	ring	Sum	nmer	Early Learning Goal
Creating with Materials	mixing colours	and experiment with representations of	making tools such pastels, chalk		To know which pri mix together to ma colours		Safely use and explore a variety of materials tools and techniques, experimenting with

crayons			texture, form and
To role play using given props and	To use some cooking techniques – mixing, beating – pancakes	To draw more detailed pictures of people and objects/ observational	function.
costumes		drawings using a range of drawing	Share their creations,
To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick)	To use tools to cut and join wood (supervision)	materials – charcoal pencils – observational portraits of friends	explaining the process they have used.
	To know the names of tools	To manipulate materials	Make use of props and materials when role
To know how to work safely and hygienically	To use natural objects to make a piece of art (Andy Goldsworthy)	To demonstrate confidently know how to work safely and hygienically	playing characters in narratives and stories.
To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups beakers)	To share creations and talk about the process	To know some similarities and differences between materials	
To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting) – Sandwiches pumpkin coring with support	To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick, PVA, Masking Tape, Tape, Split Pins)	To learn about and compare artists (Janet Bell summer pictures and Henri Matisse the snail. Fish collage van Gogh boats Monet – water	
To use colours for a particular purpose and share creations	To create props and costumes for different role play scenarios	lillies)	
To explore different techniques for	To know how to work safely and hygienically	To explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feeling	
		To share creations, talk about process and evaluate their work	
To learn about artists and colour –To construct using range of materials		To adapt work where necessary to improve	
		Kandinsky circles – adapt own design and discuss feelings	

Being	To sing and perform nursery rhymes		To move in time to music	Invent, adapt and
Imaginative and	in class	To create musical patterns using	To move in time to music	recount narratives and
Expressive	11 01035	untuned instruments	To learn dance routines	stories with peers and
Expressive	Find the pulse. (Music)		To learn dance routilies	their teacher. Sing a
		<b>T</b>	To take to the state of a state of a state	range of well know
	Find the pulse as a characters from	To create costumes and resources	To join in with whole school singing	nursery rhymes and
	song. ( nursery rhyme)	for role play	assemblies	songs. Perform songs,
	song. (Indisery myme)			rhymes, poems and
	Copy-clap the rhythm of names/	To perform songs for Easter	To act out well know stories	stories with others and
	words and vocabulary			(when appropriate) try
Charanga	words and vocabulary	To join in with whole school singing	To follow a musical pattern to play	to move in time with
Onaranga	Copy-clap the rhythm of small	assemblies	tuned instruments	music.
	phrases from the songs.			indolo.
	phiases nom the songs.	To associate genres of music with	To create narratives based around	
	To join in with whole school singing	characters and stories	stores	
	assemblies			
	assemblies		To perform Summer fayre / Jubilee	
	To pitch match		(songs, poems, stories, dance)	
	ro piter materi			
	To sing the melodic shape of familiar		To listen to poems and create their	
	•		own	
	songs			
	To begin to build up a reportains of		To join in with whole school singing	
	To begin to build up a repertoire of		assemblies	
	songs/entire songs			
	To tall, about whathan they like on		To create own compositions using	
	To talk about whether they like or		tuned instruments	
	dislike a piece of music/associate			
	with feelings		To invent their won narratives,	
	To support with different		making/ choosing costumes and	
	To experiment with different		resources	
	instruments and their sounds			
			Designing and crafting with purpose	
	To use costumes and resources to act		Altering and adapting their work to	
	out narratives		enhance	
	To perform a song/dance in the			
	Christmas Play			